What is Claimed is

[c1] A micromachined device, comprising:

a substrate:

an insulation layer formed over at least part of the substrate; and a silicon layer formed over at least part of the insulation layer, the silicon layer including a silicon structure that is at least partially thermally isolated from the substrate by a gap in the insulation layer, wherein a surface of the substrate under the gap in the insulation layer is substantially unetched.

[c2] The micromachined device of claim 1, wherein the substrate is made of silicon.

[c3] The micromachined device of claim 2, wherein the silicon layer is a single crystal silicon layer.

The micromachined device of claim 3, wherein the insulation layer is made of silicon dioxide.

The micromachined device of claim 1, wherein the silicon structure is a thermooptical switch.

The micromachined device of claim 6, wherein the thermo-optical switch is a Mach-Zehnder switch.

A method for fabricating a micromachined device, comprising:

forming a substrate;

forming an insulation layer over at least part of the substrate; forming a silicon layer over at least part of the insulation layer; forming a silicon structure in the silicon layer; and forming a gap in the insulation layer that at least partially thermally isolates the silicon structure from the substrate, wherein a surface of the substrate under the gap in the insulation layer is maintained substantially unetched.

The method of claim 7, wherein forming the gap in the insulation layer comprises removing a portion of the insulation layer with an etch that does not

[c4]

[c5]

)W [c6]

[c7]

[c8]

affect the substrate.

[c9]

The method of claim 8, wherein forming the substrate comprises forming a silicon substrate and removing the portion of the insulation layer is with an etch that does not affect silicon.

[c10]

The method of claim 7, wherein forming the substrate comprises forming a substrate of a first material, forming the insulation layer comprises forming a layer of a second material, and forming the gap in the insulation layer comprises removing a portion of the insulation layer with an etch that is highly selective between the first and second materials.

[c11] O

The method of claim 10, wherein removing a portion of the insulation layer with an etch that is highly selective between the first and second materials comprises removing a portion of the insulation layer with an etch having a selectivity of about 20:1 or greater.

[c12]

The method of claim 7, wherein forming the substrate comprises forming a substrate of silicon, forming the insulation layer comprises forming a layer of a dielectric material, and forming the gap in the insulation layer comprises removing a portion of the insulation layer with an etch that is highly selective between the dielectric material and silicon.

[c13]

The method of claim/7, wherein forming the substrate comprises forming a substrate of silicon, forming the insulation layer comprises forming a layer of silicon dioxide, and forming the gap in the insulation layer comprises removing a portion of the insulation layer with an etch that is highly selective between silicon dioxide and silicon.

[c14]

A method for fabricating a micromachined device, comprising:

fórming a substrate;

forming an insulation layer over at least part of the substrate; forming a silicon layer over at least part of the insulation layer; forming a silicon structure in the silicon layer; and forming a gap in the insulation layer without affecting a surface of the substrate underlying the gap.

- The method of claim 14, wherein forming the gap in the insulation layer, [c15] comprises removing a portion of the insulation layer with an etch that/does not affect the surface of the substrate underlying the gap.
- [c16] The method of claim 15, wherein forming the substrate comprises forming a silicon substrate and removing the portion of the insulation/layer is with an etch that does not affect silicon.
- [c17] The method of claim 14, wherein forming the substrate comprises forming a substrate of a first material, forming the insulation layer comprises forming a layer of a second material, and forming the gap/in the insulation layer comprises removing a portion of the insulation layer with an etch that is highly selective between the first and second materials.
 - The method of claim 17, wherein remóving a portion of the insulation layer with an etch that is highly selective between the first and second materials comprises removing a portion of the insulation layer with an etch having a selectivity of about 20:1 or greater.
 - The method of claim 14, wherein forming the substrate comprises forming a substrate of silicon, forming the insulation layer comprises forming a layer of a dielectric material, and/forming the gap in the insulation layer comprises removing a portion of the insulation layer with an etch that is highly selective between the dielectric material and silicon.
- The method of glaim 14, wherein forming the substrate comprises forming a [c20]substrate of silicon, forming the insulation layer comprises forming a layer of silicon dioxide, and forming the gap in the insulation layer comprises removing a portion of the insulation layer with an etch that is highly selective between silicon dioxide and silicon.

[c18]

[c19]